



**SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR**  
Siddharth Nagar, Narayanavanam Road – 517583

**QUESTION BANK (DESCRIPTIVE)**

**Subject with Code : COMPILER DESIGN (20CS0516)**

**Course & Branch: B.Tech – CSE,CSIT**

**Year & Sem: II/I**

**Regulation: R20**

**UNIT –I**  
**INTRODUCTION AND LEXICAL ANALYSIS**

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|---|----|--|-----------|-------|
| 1 | a  | What do you understand by language processor?  | [L2][CO1] | [2M]  |
|   | b  | Describe about different language processors used in compiler design                                   | [L2][CO1] | [4M]  |
|   | c  | Give the differences between compiler and interpreter.   | [L4][CO1] | [6M]  |
| 2 | a  | Define compiler.   | [L1][CO1] | [2M]  |
|   | b  | Analyse the process of compilation while designing a compiler.   | [L4][CO2] | [10M] |
| 3 | a  | List all the phases of compiler  | [L1][CO2] | [2M]  |
|   | b  | Give the neat diagram of phase of a compiler   | [L2][CO2] | [4M]  |
|   | c  | Explain each phase of a compiler.  | [L2][CO2] | [6M]  |
| 4 |    | Design the compiler by using the source program<br>$position = initial + rate * 60$ .                  | [L6][CO3] | [12M] |
| 5 | a  | Analyze the reasons for separating the lexical analysis and syntax analysis.                           | [L4][CO2] | [4M]  |
|   | b  | Illustrate the steps involved in designing the compiler by using the source program $a = b + c * 10$ . | [L3][CO3] | [8M]  |
| 6 | a  | Describe Bootstrapping   | [L2][CO1] | [8M]  |
|   | b  | Explain the different applications of compiler technology  | [L2][CO1] | [4M]  |
| 7 | a  | Discuss the Compiler construction Tools  | [L2][CO3] | [6M]  |
|   | a  | Differentiate tokens, patterns, and lexeme.  | [L4][CO1] | [6M]  |
| 8 | a  | Explain in detail about the role of lexical analyzer in Compiler Design.                               | [L2][CO1] | [6M]  |
|   | b  | Write about input buffering?   | [L3][CO1] | [6M]  |
| 9 |    | Discriminate the following terms   | [L5][CO1] | [12M] |
|   | a) | Specification of Tokens  |           |       |
|   | b) | Recognition of Tokens  |           |       |

- 10 a** What is LEX [L2][CO3] [2M]
- b** Explain the working of a LEX Tool [L2][CO3] [6M]
- c** Give the structure of LEX program [L2][CO3] [4M]

**UNIT -II**  
**SYNTAX ANALYSIS AND TOP DOWN PARSING**

- 1 a Explain the role of parser. [L2][CO1] [4M]  
 b Define Context Free Grammar with example. [L1][CO1] [4M]  
 c Compare left most and right most derivations with examples [L4][CO1] [4M]
- 2 a Define parse tree. [L1][CO2] [2M]  
 b Construct Leftmost and Rightmost derivation and parse tree for the string  $3*2+5$  from the given grammar. [L6][CO2] [10M]  
 Also check it's ambiguity for Set of alphabets  $\Sigma = \{0, \dots, 9, +, *, (, )\}$   
 $E \rightarrow I$   
 $E \rightarrow E + E$   
 $E \rightarrow E * E$   
 $E \rightarrow (E)$   
 $I \rightarrow \epsilon \mid 0 \mid 1 \mid \dots \mid 9$
- 3 a Define Ambiguity. [L1][CO1] [2M]  
 b Interpret how to eliminate ambiguity for the given Ambiguous Grammar. [L3][CO1] [10M]
- 4 a What is left recursion? Describe the procedure of eliminating Left recursion. [L5][CO1] [4M]  
 b Eliminate left recursion for the following grammar [L1][CO1] [4M]  
 $E \rightarrow E+T/T$        $T \rightarrow T*F/F$        $F \rightarrow (E)/id$
- c Show what you understand by Left factoring. Perform left factor for the grammar [L2][CO1] [4M]  
 $A \rightarrow abB/aB/cdg/cdeB/cdfB$
- 5 a List the types of Parsers available [L1][CO2] [4M]  
 b Design the recursive decent parser for the following grammar [L6][CO3] [8M]  
 $E \rightarrow E+T/T$        $T \rightarrow T*F/F$        $F \rightarrow (E)/id$
- 6 a What is meant by Non-recursive predictive parsing [L2][CO3] [2M]  
 b Illustrate the rules to be followed in finding the FIRST and FOLLOW. [L3][CO1] [6M]  
 c Find FIRST and FOLLOW for the following grammar? [L3][CO2] [4M]  
 $E \rightarrow E+T/T$   
 $T \rightarrow T*F/F$   
 $F \rightarrow (E)/id$

- 7 Consider the grammar [L6][CO3] [12M]
- $$S \rightarrow AB \mid A\text{Bad}$$
- $$A \rightarrow d$$
- $$E \rightarrow b$$
- $$D \rightarrow b \mid \varepsilon$$
- $$B \rightarrow c$$
- Construct the predictive parse table and check whether the given grammar is LL(1) or not.
- 8 Consider the grammar [L4][CO2] [12M]
- $$E \rightarrow TE'$$
- $$E' \rightarrow +TE' \mid -TE' \mid \varepsilon$$
- $$T \rightarrow FT'$$
- $$T' \rightarrow *FT' \mid / FT' \mid \varepsilon$$
- $$F \rightarrow GG'$$
- $$G' \rightarrow \wedge F / \varepsilon$$
- $$G \rightarrow (E) / \text{id}$$
- Calculate FIRST and FOLLOW for the above grammar and Construct LL(1) Table for the above grammar.
- 9 Consider the grammar [L6][CO3] [12M]
- $$E \rightarrow E+T/T, \quad T \rightarrow T*F/F, \quad F \rightarrow (E)\text{id}$$
- Design predictive parsing table and check the given grammar is LL(1) or not?
- 10 a Discuss the types of errors. [L2][CO2] [6M]
- b Explain Error recovery in predictive parsing with an Example. [L2][CO2] [6M]

**UNIT –III**  
**BOTTOM UP PARSING AND SEMANTIC ANALYSIS**

- |           |          |   |                 |
|-----------|----------|---|-----------------|
| <b>1</b>  | <b>a</b> | Explain about handle pruning  | [L2][CO1] [6M]  |
|           | <b>b</b> | Summarize about LR parsing  | [L2][CO1] [6M]  |
| <b>2</b>  | <b>a</b> | Describe bottom up parsing  | [L1][CO2] [4M]  |
|           | <b>b</b> | Differences between SLR, CLR, LALR parsers  | [L4][CO2] [8M]  |
| <b>3</b>  |          | Prepare Shift Reduce Parsing for the input string using the grammar<br>$S \rightarrow (L)a \quad L \rightarrow L,S S$<br>a. (a,(a,a))    b. (a,a) | [L6][CO3] [12M] |
| <b>4</b>  | <b>a</b> | Define augmented grammar.   | [L1][CO2] [2M]  |
|           | <b>b</b> | Construct the LR(0) items for the following Grammar<br>$S \rightarrow L=R / R$<br>$L \rightarrow *R / id$<br>$R \rightarrow L$                    | [L6][CO3] [10M] |
| <b>5</b>  |          | Construct SLR Parser for the following grammar<br>$E \rightarrow E+T / T$<br>$T \rightarrow TF / F$<br>$F \rightarrow F* / a / b$                 | [L6][CO3] [12M] |
| <b>6</b>  |          | Construct CLR Parsing table for the given grammar<br>$S \rightarrow CC$<br>$C \rightarrow aC/d$   | [L6][CO3] [12M] |
| <b>7</b>  |          | Design the LALR parser for the following Grammar<br>$S \rightarrow AA \quad A \rightarrow aA \quad A \rightarrow b$                               | [L6][CO3] [12M] |
| <b>8</b>  | <b>a</b> | What is YACC parser?  | [L1][CO3] [2M]  |
|           | <b>b</b> | Explain in detail the processing procedure of YACC Parser generator tool.   | [L2][CO3] [6M]  |
|           | <b>c</b> | How YACC will resolve the parsing action conflicts and the error recovery.  | [L2][CO3] [4M]  |
| <b>9</b>  | <b>a</b> | Explain syntax directed definition with example   | [L2][CO2] [6M]  |
|           | <b>b</b> | Define a syntax-directed translation and explain with example.  | [L2][CO2] [6M]  |
| <b>10</b> | <b>a</b> | Give the evaluation order of SDD with an example.   | [L5][CO2] [6M]  |
|           | <b>b</b> | Discuss Type Checking with suitable examples.   | [L2][CO4] [6M]  |

**UNIT –IV****INTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION AND RUN TIME ENVIRONMENT**

- 1 a What do you understand by Intermediate Code [L2][CO5] [2M]  
b Analyse different types of Intermediate Code with an example. [L4][CO5] [10M]
- 2 a List and define various representation of Three Address Codes [L1][CO5] [4M]  
b Explain representation of Three Address Codes with suitable Examples [L2][CO5] [8M]
- 3 Produce quadruple, triples and indirect triples for following expression: [L6][CO5] [12M]  
 $(x + y) * (y + z) + (x + y + z)$
- 4 a Describe scope and life time of variable. [L2][CO4] [2M]  
b Illustrate Control Flow Statements. [L3][CO4] [10M]
- 5 a Justify the need for Storage Organization. [L6][CO4] [4M]  
b Describe the Storage Organization with simple examples. [L2][CO4] [8M]
- 6 a List out the properties of memory management [L1][CO4] [4M]  
b Discuss Storage allocation strategies with suitable example [L2][CO4] [8M]
- 7 Evaluate the following terms [L5][CO4] [12M]  
i. Stack allocation  
ii. Static allocation  
iii. heap allocation
- 8 a Define Activation Record. [L1][CO5] [2M]  
b Sketch the format of Activation Record in stack allocation and explain each field in it. [L3][CO5] [10M]
- 9 a Discuss about symbol table entries. [L2][CO4] [6M]  
b Describe the various operations on symbol table. [L2][CO4] [6M]
- 10 a Define Symbol table. [L1][CO4] [2M]  
b Explain different types of Data structure used for symbol table. [L2][CO4] [10M]

**UNIT –V****CODE OPTIMIZATION AND CODE GENERATION**

- 1 Interpret the principles of optimization techniques to be considered during code generation. [L3][CO5] [12M]
- 2 a Discuss about function preserving transformations. [L2][CO6] [6M]  
 b Describe about loop optimization technique. [L2][CO5] [6M]
- 3 Explain the following [L3][CO6] [12M]  
 i) Basic blocks ii) Flow Graphs
- 4 a List the optimization techniques of basic blocks [L1][CO6] [4M]  
 b Analyse different types of optimization techniques of basic blocks [L4][CO6] [8M]
- 5 a Create the DAG for following statement.  $a+b*c+d+b*c$  [L6][CO6] [6M]  
 b Construct the DAG for the following basic blocks [L6][CO6] [6M]
1.  $t1:=4*i$
  2.  $t2:=a[t1]$
  3.  $t3:=4*i$
  4.  $t4:=b[t3]$
  5.  $t5:=t2*t4$
  6.  $t6:=prod+t5$
  7.  $prod:=t6$
  8.  $t7:=i+1$
  9.  $i:=t7$
- if  $i \leq 20$  goto 1**
- 6 a List out the properties of global data flow analysis and explain it. [L2][CO6] [6M]  
 b Discuss about machine dependent optimization [L2][CO5] [6M]
- 7 Explain the peephole optimization Technique with examples. [L2][CO5] [12M]
- 8 a List all the issues in the design of a code generator [L2][CO6] [4M]  
 b Explain the issues to be handled when code generator is designed. [L2][CO6] [8M]
- 9 a Analyse the different forms in target program. [L4][CO6] [6M]  
 b Explain the target machine in code generator. [L2][CO6] [6M]
- 10 a Analyze Simple code generator [L4][CO6] [6M]  
 b Evaluate Register allocation and register assignment techniques. [L5][CO6] [6M]